



NEBRASKA

TRAVEL ASSOCIATION

ADVOCACY DAY HANDBOOK

Advocacy Day is February 13th





ADVOCACY DAY

Nebraska State Capitol 1445 K Street Lincoln NE 68508 (Street parking available around the Capitol)

Table of Contents

| About Nebraska Travel Association | 3 |
|--------------------------------------|----|
| Lobbying Advice | 4 |
| Talking To Your Senator | 6 |
| Continuing The Conversation | 7 |
| Final Thoughts | 8 |
| How A Bill Becomes Law | 9 |
| Guide To Testifying | 10 |
| List Of Bills | 14 |
| 2025 Nebraska Unicameral Legislature | 15 |





ABOUT THE NEBRASKA TRAVEL ASSOCIATION

The Nebraska Travel Association (NETA) is a dedicated organization committed to promoting and enhancing the state's tourism industry. Its mission is to advocate for policies, initiatives, and investments that support tourism as a vital economic driver in Nebraska.

By fostering collaboration among industry stakeholders, NETA seeks to ensure that Nebraska remains a top destination for travelers.

The purpose of NETA is to combine the resources of Nebraska to more efficiently promote the tourism industry by:

- Providing a forum for the exchange of ideas and programs between members and the Nebraska Tourism Commission while also developing a common direction, avoiding duplication, and effectively using promotional dollars
- Assisting the Nebraska Tourism Commission
 with promotional and advertising efforts to the
 mutual benefit of the state and the tourism
 industry
- Pursuing and influencing policies, programs, and legislation that are responsive to the needs of the industry as a whole

- 4. Establishing and maintaining communication with all tourism entities within the state to encourage the continued growth and development of Nebraska's tourism industry
- Providing scholarship assistance to members of the tourism industry for travel shows and educational conferences
- 6. Honoring leaders who recognize tourism as having a strong, positive impact upon the economic well-being of Nebraska and whose actions support and strengthen the industry



LOBBYING ADVICE

1. Tell The Truth

Credibility is your most valuable asset when speaking with your state senator. They are accustomed to hearing a variety of perspectives and rely on accurate information to make decisions. Even if your position is not the most popular or favorable, presenting truthful facts and genuine stories strengthens your case. Dishonesty, whether intentional or accidental, can quickly erode trust and undermine your efforts in the long run.

2. Know Who Is On Your Side

Understanding which senators, organizations, or constituents already support your position is critical. Having allies allows you to build a broader coalition and demonstrate the popularity or necessity of your proposal. Before approaching your Senator, research their past voting records and public statements to gauge whether they are likely to align with your views. This knowledge allows you to tailor your message in a way that resonates with their values.

3. Know The Opposition

Just as important as understanding your allies is knowing who opposes your position and why. Anticipating counterarguments allows you to prepare thoughtful responses that can address concerns and potentially neutralize resistance. Showing awareness of opposing viewpoints demonstrates that you have thoroughly considered the issue, which can make your arguments more compelling and credible.

4. Don't Be Afraid To Admit You Don't Know Something

No one expects you to have all the answers, but they do expect honesty. If you encounter a question or concern you cannot address, admit it and commit to finding the information. A promise to follow up with accurate data shows integrity and a willingness to engage in productive dialogue. Trying to bluff through an answer risks damaging your credibility.

5. Be Specific About What You Seek

General complaints or vague requests are less effective than a clear, actionable ask. Whether you are seeking support for a specific bill, requesting a public statement, or asking for a meeting with key stakeholders, clarity is key. When senators understand exactly what you want, they can better evaluate and act on your request.



6. Follow Up

Your initial conversation is just the beginning of the process. Sending a follow-up email or letter thanking the senator for their time and reiterating your key points keeps your issue on their radar. If you promised to provide additional information, ensure it is sent promptly. Persistence, when paired with professionalism, demonstrates your commitment to the cause.

7. Don't Burn Any Bridges

Politics is a long game, and relationships matter. Even if a senator disagrees with your position on one issue, they may align with you on another in the future. Maintaining respect and professionalism, even in the face of opposition, leaves the door open for future collaboration. Burning bridges today could cost you valuable allies tomorrow.

8. Be Courteous But Don't Be Intimidated

Senators are public servants elected to represent the people, including you. Approach them with the respect their office deserves, but remember that your voice matters. Confidence in presenting your case helps ensure your message is heard, while courtesy fosters a constructive and respectful dialogue.





TALKING TO YOUR SENATOR

Starting a conversation with your state senator about the Nebraska Travel Association and the tourism industry as a whole can seem daunting, but it doesn't have to be.

Senators are accustomed to engaging with constituents and appreciate hearing firsthand how issues affect their communities. Here are some approaches to initiate the dialogue and maintain a meaningful exchange.

CONVERSATION STARTERS

- 1. Connect Through Legislative Interests: "Senator, I know you've supported initiatives for economic growth in rural areas. I'd love to discuss how tourism can be a key driver for those efforts." This links your topic to their known priorities.
- 2. Economic Impact Question: "Did you know that the tourism industry contributes over \$4.6M to Nebraska's economy each year? Just in my neck of the woods [place] we have seen an impact of [amount]. I would love to discuss how we can build on this success." Framing it as a question invites curiosity and signals the topic's significance.
- **3. Shared Values:** "As someone who values economic growth and community development, I wanted to share how the tourism industry is creating jobs and enriching our local culture." This aligns your perspective with theirs, fostering common ground.
- **4. Focusing on Community Impact:** "How do you see tourism fitting into our community's broader goals for growth and development? I'd like to share some examples of what's already happening locally." This question encourages them to think about the issue in a collaborative way.

*Keep in mind, one of the messaging goals of Nebraska Tourism is talking about how tourism is an economic driver throughout the state. We want to connect the dots on how this brings in over \$322M in tax revenue from out of state and how large of an impact this makes locally.

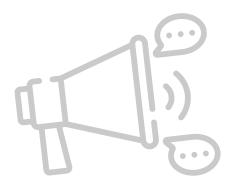


CONTINUING THE CONVERSATION

Once the conversation begins, keeping it focused and impactful requires thoughtful communication. Here are strategies to sustain the dialogue and effectively present your points:

- 1. Use Stories To Illustrate Impact: Stories make the issue tangible and relatable. Share specific examples of how the tourism industry has positively affected individuals or businesses. For instance, "North Platte hosted a regional softball tournament this past summer and during that one weekend, visitors made an economic impact of over \$400,000."
- 2. Incorporate Credible Facts: Support your anecdotes with well-researched data. For example, "Statewide, tourism supports over 41,000 jobs and generates \$322M in tax revenue annually." Integrating facts with stories ensures your argument is both emotional and rational. You can get a plethora of State Tourism impact facts at visitnebraska.com/nebraska-economic-impact-report-dashboard.
- 3. Ask Engaging Questions: Encourage dialogue by asking questions like, "What do you see as the biggest opportunity for growth in our state's tourism sector?" or "How do you think we can better leverage tourism to support rural communities?" Questions invite their input and create a two-way conversation.

- 4. Link To Broader Priorities: Connect the tourism industry to issues the senator already cares about, such as job creation, education, or infrastructure. For instance, "Investing in tourism marketing not only attracts visitors but also supports small businesses and helps fund vital services throughout the state with the increased tax revenue."
- 5. Propose Clear Actions: End the conversation with specific requests, such as, "We'd love your support for [specific legislation or initiative]," or "Could we schedule a follow-up meeting to discuss how we can partner on this issue?" Being direct about your goals ensures the senator knows how they can help.







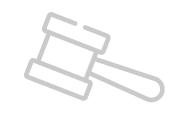
FINAL THOUGHTS

Effective communication with your senator hinges on balancing personal anecdotes with factual data, demonstrating the local impact of the tourism industry, and framing your message in alignment with their priorities.

By starting the conversation with relatable and engaging topics and continuing it with clear, actionable points, you can make a compelling case for the issues that matter most.



How A Bill Becomes Law In Nebraska



- 1. **Bill Drafted** As Requested By State Senator
- 2. Introduced Title Read Bill Assigned To Standing Committee
- 3. Public Hearing By Committee Seven Days Notice Required
- 4. Committee Committees Consider In Executive Session
 *Bill Could Be Killed In This Stage
- 5. General File "First Reading" Debate & Amendments Allowed
 *Bill Could Be Killed In This Stage
- 6. Enrollment & Review Bill Is Corrected & Amendents Added
- 7. Select File "Second Reading" Debate & Amendments Allowed

 *Bill Could Be Killed In This Stage
- **8. Engrossment** Bill Is Printed In Final Form
- 9. Third Reading Final Reading Bill Is Read In Full
 *Bill Could Be Killed In This Stage
- 10. To Governor If No Action By Governor In Five Days, Bill Becomes Law *Governor May Ignore, Sign, Or Veto
 - 10a. If The Bill Signed
 Becomes A Law
- **10b. If The Bill Vetoed**Goes To Legislature Review
- 11. Legislature Review Veto Can Be Overruled Or Upheld
 - 11a. Veto Overruled
 Becomes A Law
- **11b. Veto Upheld** Gets Killed



Guide To Testifying

A committee may consider several bills during an afternoon. The committee chairperson will announce the order in which bills will be heard, the rules for testifying and whether there will be a time limit on your testimony.

The length of time spent on each bill varies, depending largely on the number of people testifying, the length of their testimony and the number of questions asked by committee members.

Each bill first will be presented by the senator who sponsors it. Committee members may follow up with questions. The committee chairperson then will ask proponents of the bill to testify. Then opponents of the bill will be invited to testify, followed by those giving neutral testimony.

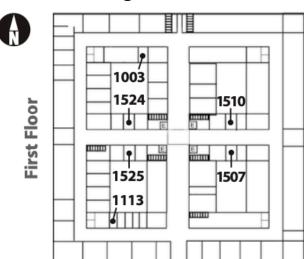
Addressing committee members or testifiers from the audience is prohibited. Applause and other public demonstrations also are prohibited. Please turn off phones to avoid disturbing the hearing.

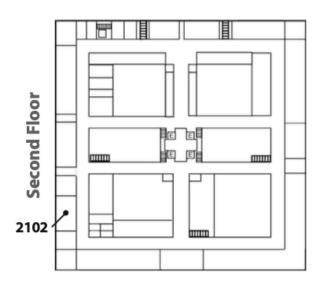
Senators routinely come and go during hearings. They have other commitments, including the presentation of bills in other committees that are meeting simultaneously.

To find the names and contact information of committee chairpersons, visit

NebraskaLegislature.gov/committees.

Hearing Rooms





| Committee | Room | Dates |
|---|------|------------------|
| Agriculture | 2102 | T |
| Appropriations | 1524 | M, T |
| Appropriations | 1003 | W, Th, F |
| Banking, Commerce & Insurance | 1507 | M, T |
| Business & Labor | 2102 | M |
| Education | 1525 | M, T |
| General Affairs | 1510 | M |
| Government, Military & Veterans Affairs | 1507 | W, Th, F |
| Health & Human Services | 1510 | W, Th, F |
| Judiciary | 1113 | W, Th, F |
| Natural Resources | 1525 | W, Th, F |
| Nebraska Retirement Systems | 1525 | at call of Chair |
| Revenue | 1524 | W, Th, F |
| Transportation & Telecommunications | 1113 | M, T |
| Urban Affairs | 1510 | T |

Examples of how testifiers may dress.







About Committees

Bills introduced in the Legislature must receive a public hearing by a legislative committee. These hearings are an opportunity for citizens to speak directly to state senators regarding the creation of Nebraska laws.

Everyone is allowed to testify at public hearings and all testimony is included in the official committee record.

The Nebraska Legislature has 14 standing committees:

- Agriculture
- Appropriations
- Banking, Commerce and Insurance
- Business and Labor
- Education
- General Affairs
- Government, Military and Veterans Affairs

- · Health and Human Services
- Judiciary
- Natural Resources
- Nebraska Retirement Systems
- Revenue
- Transportation and Telecommunications
- Urban Affairs

Each of these committees has six to nine members.



Hearing Locations And Times

Public hearings on bills typically are held in the afternoons during the first half of the legislative session. Committees have regularly scheduled rooms and meeting days, although they sometimes meet in different rooms at varying times in order to accommodate testifiers or large audiences.

Hearings usually begin at 1:30 p.m. See the hearing room assignments and Capitol map to the right.

The weekly schedule of committee hearings is published on the last legislative day of the week throughout the legislative session.

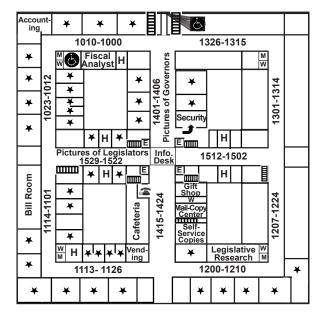
The schedule is available on a table in front of the Clerk's Office, in the Sunday editions of the Lincoln Journal Star and the Omaha World-Herald, in the weekly Unicameral Update (update.legislature.ne.gov) and at NebraskaLegislature.gov.

If auxiliary aids or reasonable accommodations are needed for you to attend a hearing, please call the Office of the Clerk of the Legislature at 402-471-2271.

If you have a hearing or speech impairment, please call the Nebraska Relay System at 800-833-7352 (TTY) or 800-833-0920 (Voice).

Advance notice of 10 business days is needed when requesting an interpreter.

First Floor



E - Elevator

2 - Public Telephone

- Accessible Elevator

¥ - Senator's Office

Accessible Entrance

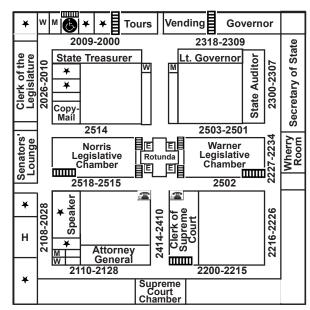
- Stairs

H - Hearing Rooms Rooms 1003, 1113, 1507, 1510, 1524 & 1525

M - Men's Restroom

W - Women's Restroom

Second Floor



E - Elevator

Public Telephone

Senator's Office

Men's Restroom

- Accessible Elevator

- Stairs

H - Hearing Room Room 2102

e Stairs

W - Women's Restroom



Public Testimony

If you plan to provide copies of your testimony, please consider contacting the committee to see if they prefer electronic submissions. If providing hard copies, please bring enough for each committee member, plus three more for support staff.

Please fill out the sheet provided in the hearing room prior to testifying. Once you are seated at the testifier's table, you must identify yourself, spell your name and state what organization you represent, if any. Speak directly into the microphone, as committee proceedings are transcribed.

Be prepared to limit your testimony to three to five minutes. If you also are providing written testimony, please summarize rather than reading it verbatim. Committee members may ask questions after your testimony. However, testifiers are not allowed to ask questions of committee members.

If you are not testifying on a bill in person and would like to submit written comments online to be included in the official hearing record as an exhibit, you may do so on the corresponding bill page at **NebraskaLegislature.gov**.

To be included in the official hearing record, online comments must be submitted and verified prior to 8 a.m. CST on the morning of a bill's public hearing.



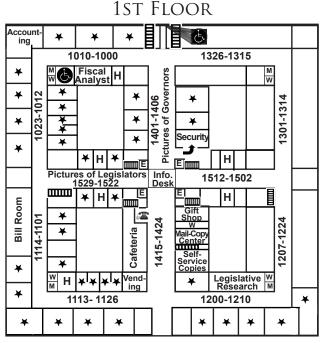
list of bills



| NAME | DISTRICT | PHONE | EMAIL | ROOM NUMBER |
|---------------------|----------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Andersen, Bob | 49 | (402) 471-2756 | banderson@leg.ne.gov | 1021 |
| Arch, John | 14 | (402) 471-2730 | jarch@leg.ne.gov | 2103 |
| Armendariz, Christy | 18 | (402) 471-2618 | carmendariz@leg.ne.gov | 1423 |
| Ballard, Beau | 21 | (402) 471-2673 | bballard@leg.ne.gov | 1101 |
| Bosn, Carolyn | 25 | (402) 471-2731 | cbosn@leg.ne.gov | 1103 |
| Bostar, Eliot | 29 | (402) 471-2734 | ebostar@leg.ne.gov | 1012 |
| Brandt, Tom | 32 | (402) 471-2711 | tbrandt@leg.ne.gov | 1210 |
| Cavanaugh, John | 09 | (402) 471-2723 | jcavanaugh@leg.ne.gov | 1008 |
| Cavanaugh, Machaela | 06 | (402) 471-2714 | mcavanaugh@leg.ne.gov | 1115 |
| Clements, Robert | 02 | (402) 471-2613 | rclements@leg.ne.gov | 1004 |
| Clouse, Stan | 37 | (402) 471-2726 | sclouse@leg.ne.gov | 1206 |
| Conrad, Danielle | 46 | (402) 471-2720 | dconrad@leg.ne.gov | 2028 |
| DeBoer, Wendy | 10 | (402) 471-2718 | wdeborer@leg.ne.gov | 1114 |
| DeKay, Barry | 40 | (402) 471-2801 | bdekay@leg.ne.gov | 1022 |
| Dorn, Myron | 30 | (402) 471-2620 | mdorn@leg.ne.gov | 1208 |
| Dover, Robert | 19 | (402) 471-2929 | rdover@leg.ne.gov | 2011 |
| Dungan, George | 26 | (402) 471-2610 | gdungan@leg.ne.gov | 1016 |
| Fredrickson, John | 20 | (402) 471-2622 | jfredrickson@leg.ne.gov | 2015 |
| Guereca, Dunixi | 07 | (402) 471-2721 | dguereca@leg.ne.gov | 1523 |
| Hallstrom, Bob | 01 | (402) 471-2733 | bhallstrom@leg.ne.gov | 1404 |
| Hansen, Ben | 16 | (402) 471-2728 | bhansen@leg.ne.gov | 2108 |
| Hardin, Brian | 48 | (402) 471-2802 | bhardin@leg.ne.gov | 1402 |
| Holdcroft, Rick | 36 | (402) 471-2642 | rholdcroft@leg.ne.gov | 1019 |
| Hughes, Jana | 24 | (402) 471-2756 | jhughes@leg.ne.gov | 1319 |
| Hunt, Megan | 08 | (402) 471-2722 | mhunt@leg.ne.gov | 2107 |
| Ibach, Teresa | 44 | (402) 471-2805 | tiback@leg.ne.gov | 2000 |
| Jacobson, Mike | 42 | (402) 471-2729 | mjacobson@leg.ne.gov | 1117 |
| Juarez, Margo | 05 | (402) 471-2710 | mjuarez@leg.ne.gov | 1528 |
| Kauth, Kathleen | 31 | (402) 471-2327 | kkauth@leg.ne.gov | 2010 |
| Lippincott, Loren | 34 | (402) 471-2630 | llippincott@leg.ne.gov | 1018 |
| Lonowski, Dan | 33 | (402) 471-2712 | dlonowski@leg.ne.gov | 1017 |
| McKeon, Dan | 41 | (402) 471-2631 | dmckeon@leg.ne.gov | 1401 |
| McKinney, Terrell | 11 | (402) 471-2612 | tmckinney@leg.ne.gov | 1212 |
| Meyer, Glen | 17 | (402) 471-2716 | gmeyer@leg.ne.gov | 1309 |
| Moser, Mike | 22 | (402) 471-2715 | mmoser@leg.ne.gov | 1202 |

| NAME | DISTRICT | PHONE | EMAIL | ROOM NUMBER |
|---------------------|----------|----------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Murman, Dave | 38 | (402) 471-2732 | dmurman@leg.ne.gov | 1107 |
| Prokop, Jason | 27 | (402) 471-2632 | jprokop@leg.ne.gov | 1118 |
| Quick, Dan | 35 | (402) 471-2617 | dquick@leg.ne.gov | 2004 |
| Raybould, Jane | 28 | (402) 471-2633 | jraybould@leg.ne.gov | Room 10 th Floor |
| Riepe, Merv | 12 | (402) 471-2623 | mriepe@leg.ne.gov | 1015 |
| Rountree, Victor | 03 | (402) 471-2627 | vrountree@leg.ne.gov | 1000 |
| Sanders, Rita | 45 | (402) 471-2615 | rsanders@leg.ne.gov | 1315 |
| Sorrentino, Tony | 39 | (402) 471-2885 | tsorrentino@leg.ne.gov | 1522 |
| Spivey, Ashlei | 13 | (402) 471-2727 | aspivey@leg.ne.gov | 1120 |
| Storer, Tanya | 43 | (402) 471-2628 | tstorer@leg.ne.gov | 1529 |
| Storm, Jared | 23 | (402) 471-2719 | jstorm@leg.ne.gov | 1124 |
| Strommen, Paul | 47 | (402) 471-2616 | pstrommen@leg.ne.gov | 1321 |
| von Gilern, R. Brad | 04 | (402) 471-2621 | bvongillern@leg.ne.gov | 1116 |
| Wordekemper, Dave | 15 | (402) 471-2625 | dwordkemper@leg.ne.gov | 1110 |

NEBRASKA STATE CAPITOL MAP



- Elevator 🕿 - Public Telephone

B - Accessible Elevator ★ - Senator's Office

Accessible Entrance

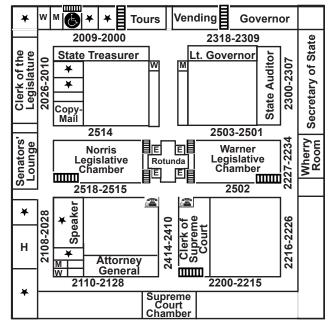
H - Hearing Rooms Rooms 1003, 1113, 1507, 1510, 1524 & 1525

- Stairs

M - Men's Restroom

V - Women's Restroom

2ND FLOOR



E - Elevator

Accessible Elevator

H - Hearing Room Room 2102 Public Telephone

Senator's Office

- Stairs

M - Men's Restroom

W - Women's Restroom